مجلس الخدمة المدنية دائرة المباريات

مباراة لملء بعض المراكز الشاغرة في ملاك المديرية العامة للشؤون العقارية في وزارة المالية

مسابقة عملية في Word - Excel لوظيفة: طباع

المدة:40 دقيقة نموذج: (1)

> Top: 20 mm Left: 15 mm

Header: 11 mm

# WORD

- حوّل النص الذي أمامك على الشاشة الى الشكل الذي على الورقة.
  - أضف كل ما يجب اضافته واحذف كل ما يجب حذفه.
    - حدد مقاییس هامش الصفحة على الشكل التالى:
      - Bottom: 20 mm Right: 15 mm
      - Footer: 11 mm
      - النص: verdena, justify, 12
        - العنوان: 14, Bold , center
      - المسافة بين الأسطر: 1.5 lines
        - المسافة بين المقاطع: 6 Pts
      - جميع المقاطع تبدأ بعد مسافة 1cm
  - اضف الـ Header التالي "Ref: Mer-1" في بداية كل صفحة.

## EXCEL

- حوّل النص الذي أمامك على الشاشة إلى الشكل الموجود على الورقة مستعيناً بالأسئلة في اسفل الورقة.
  - أضف كل ما يجب إضافته واحذف ما يجب حذفه.
  - استعمل الـ (formulas) لتعبئة النطاق المطلوب.
    - نص الاسئلة في اسفل الورقة ليس للإدخال.

اللجنة الفاحصة

بيروت في: 14 /2012/03

## Government refers to the legislators who control a state

## I. Government

GOVERNMENT<sup>1</sup> IS THE MEANS BY WHICH STATE POLICY IS ENFORCED, AS WELL AS THE MECHANISM FOR DETERMINING THE POLICY OF THE STATE. A FORM OF GOVERNMENT, OR FORM OF STATE GOVERNANCE, REFERS TO THE SET OF POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS BY WHICH A GOVERNMENT OF A STATE IS ORGANIZED.

### **II. States**

States are served by a continuous succession of different governments. Each successive government is composed of a body of individuals who control and exercise control over political decision-making. Their function is to enforce laws, legislate new ones, and arbitrate conflicts. In some societies, this group is often a self-perpetuating or hereditary class. In other societies, such as democracies, the political roles remain, but there is frequent turnover of the people actually filling the positions.

#### III. To govern

The word government is derived from the Latin infinitive gubernare, meaning "to govern" or "to manage". In parliamentary systems, the word "government" is used to refer to what in presidential systems would be the executive branch. In parliamentary systems, the government is composed of the prime minister and the cabinet. In other cases, "government" refers to executive, legislative, judicial, bureaucratic, and possibly also devolved powers.

### IV. Distinction between government and state

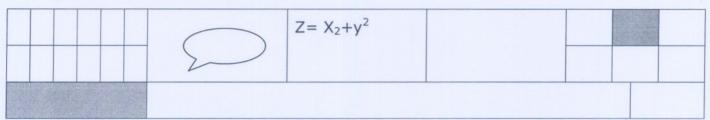
In most Western societies, there is a clear distinction between a government and the state. Public disapproval of a particular government (expressed, for example, by not re-electing an incumbent) does not necessarily represent disapproval of the state itself (i.e. of the particular framework of government). However, in

<sup>1</sup> Regime

some totalitarian regimes, there is not a clear distinction between the regime and the state. In fact, leaders in such regimes often attempt to deliberately blur the lines between the two, in order to conflate their interests with those of the polity.

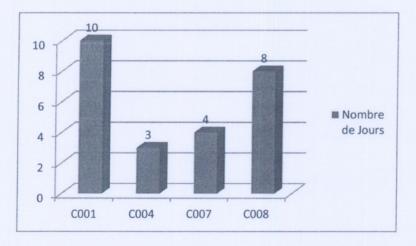
## V. Central government

A central government is the government of a nation-state and is more typically a characteristic of a unitary state. This is not the same thing as a federal government which may have distinct powers at various levels authorized or delegated to it by its member states, though the adjective 'central' is sometimes used to describe it.



| Table prix  |          |  |  |
|-------------|----------|--|--|
| Prix Emprur |          |  |  |
| Description | par Jour |  |  |
| Cadillac    | \$150.00 |  |  |
| Renault     | \$20.00  |  |  |
| Mercedes    | \$75.00  |  |  |
| Peugeot     | \$50.00  |  |  |

| N <sup>o</sup> client   | Description<br>Voiture | Nombre<br>de Jours |       | Total   | Escompte | Taxe     | Total<br>Net |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|-------|---------|----------|----------|--------------|
| C001  | Cadillac               | <u>10</u>          | \$150 | \$1,500 | \$300    | \$150.00 | \$1,350      |
| C002  | Mercedes               | 4                  | \$75  | \$300   | \$30     | \$30.00  | \$300        |
| C003  | Mercedes               | 5                  | \$75  | \$375   | \$38     | \$37.50  | \$375        |
| C004  | Peugeot                | 3                  | \$50  | \$150   | \$15     | \$7.50   | \$143        |
| C005  | Renault                | 2                  | \$20  | \$40    | \$4      | \$2.00   | \$38         |
| C006  | Renault                | 6                  | \$20  | \$120   | \$12     | \$6.00   | \$114        |
| C007  | Renault                | 4                  | \$20  | \$80    | \$8      | \$4.00   | \$76         |
| C008  | Cadillac               | <u>8</u>           | \$150 | \$1,200 | \$240    | \$120.00 | \$1,080      |
| Somme des totaux Net pour les Cadillac:                           |                        |                    |       |         | \$2,430  |          |              |
| Somme des totaux Net pour les Renault empruntés plus que 2 jours: |                        |                    |       |         | \$190.00 |          |              |



1- Calculer l'escompte selon la condition suivante :

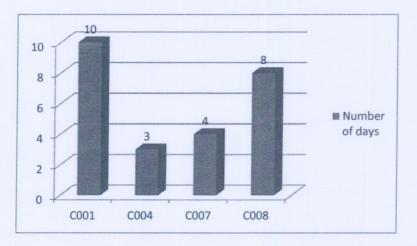
Si le Total est > 500\$ alors l'escompte est de 20% du Total sinon 10%

2- Calculer la Taxe selon la condition suivante :

Si la voiture est Cadillac ou Mercedes alors la Taxe est de 10% du Total sinon 5% 3- Les nombre de jours plus grand que 5 doivent être bold , Italic et underline

| Price Table |            |  |  |  |
|-------------|------------|--|--|--|
|             | Loan price |  |  |  |
| Description | per day    |  |  |  |
| Cadillac    | \$150.00   |  |  |  |
| Renault     | \$20.00    |  |  |  |
| Mercedes    | \$75.00    |  |  |  |
| Peugeot     | \$50.00    |  |  |  |

| N <sup>o</sup> client                                    | Description<br>Car | Number<br>of days | Loan price<br>per day | Total   | Discount | Tax      | Total<br>Net |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------------|
| C001   | Cadillac           | 10                | \$150                 | \$1,500 | \$300    | \$150.00 | \$1,350      |
| C002   | Mercedes           | 4                 | \$75                  | \$300   | \$30     | \$30.00  | \$300        |
| C003   | Mercedes           | 5                 | \$75                  | \$375   | \$38     | \$37.50  | \$375        |
| C004   | Peugeot            | 3                 | \$50                  | \$150   | \$15     | \$7.50   | \$143        |
| C005   | Renault            | 2                 | \$20                  | \$40    | \$4      | \$2.00   | \$38         |
| C006   | Renault            | 6                 | \$20                  | \$120   | \$12     | \$6.00   | \$114        |
| C007   | Renault            | 4                 | \$20                  | \$80    | \$8      | \$4.00   | \$76         |
| C008   | Cadillac           | <u>8</u>          | \$150                 | \$1,200 | \$240    | \$120.00 | \$1,080      |
| Sum of net totals of Cadillac:                           |                    |                   |                       |         | \$2,430  |          |              |
| Sum of net total for Renaults borrowed more than 2 days: |                    |                   |                       |         | \$190.00 |          |              |



1- Calculate the discount according to the following condition:

if the total is > 500\$ then discount is 20% from total else 10%

2- Calculate the tax according to the following condition:

If the car is Cadillac or Mercedes the the tax is 10% from Total else 5%

3- The number of days grater than 5 must be bold , Italic and underline